UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

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	No. 16-4543	_
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	A,	
Plaintiff - Ap	pellee,	
v.		
FRANCIS OLIVERIO VILLEDA	-FUENTES,	
Defendant - A	Appellant.	
		-
Appeal from the United States Dis Charlotte. Frank D. Whitney, Chi		estern District of North Carolina, at 16-cr-00035-FDW-DCK-2)
Submitted: May 9, 2017		Decided: May 26, 2017
Before WILKINSON, KING, and	THACKER, Circuit	Judges.
Affirmed by unpublished per curia	am opinion.	_
Leslie Carter Rawls, Charlotte, Assistant United States Attorney,		Appellant. Amy Elizabeth Ray, olina, for Appellee.
Unpublished opinions are not bind	ling precedent in this	circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Francis Oliverio Villeda-Fuentes pled guilty to conspiracy to possess with intent to distribute methamphetamine, in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(b)(1)(B), 846 (2012). The district court sentenced Villeda-Fuentes to 92 months' imprisonment, a sentence within the applicable Sentencing Guidelines range. Counsel has filed a brief pursuant to *Anders v*. *California*, 386 U.S. 738 (1967), stating that there are no meritorious grounds for appeal. Although notified of his right to do so, Villeda-Fuentes has not filed a pro se brief. After careful consideration of the entire record, we affirm.

Before accepting Villeda-Fuentes' guilty plea, the magistrate judge conducted a thorough plea colloquy, substantially complying with the requirements of Fed. R. Crim. P. 11 and ensuring that Villeda-Fuentes' plea was knowing, voluntary, and supported by an independent factual basis. *See United States v. DeFusco*, 949 F.2d 114, 116 (4th Cir. 1991). Further, we discern no procedural error in the sentencing process, *see Gall v. United States*, 552 U.S. 38, 51 (2007), and Villeda-Fuentes does not rebut the presumption that his within-Guidelines sentence is substantively reasonable, *see United States v. Louthian*, 756 F.3d 295, 306 (4th Cir. 2014).

In accordance with *Anders*, we have reviewed the entire record in this case and have found no meritorious issues for appeal. We therefore affirm Villeda-Fuentes' conviction and sentence. This court requires that counsel inform Villeda-Fuentes, in writing, of the right to petition the Supreme Court of the United States for further review. If Villeda-Fuentes requests that a petition be filed, but counsel believes that such a petition would be frivolous, then counsel may move in this court for leave to withdraw from representation.

Counsel's motion must state that a copy thereof was served on Villeda-Fuentes. We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

AFFIRMED